

**Definition 3.28.** [00R] We usually write

" $\forall x \in A, P(x)$ " to say "for every  $x$  in  $A$   $P(x)$  holds",

or

" $\exists x \in A, P(x)$ " to say "there is a  $x$  in  $A$  for which  $P(x)$ " holds;

(where  $A$  is a set); to link these writings to the previous definitions, we decide that the previous writings are abbreviations for

$$\forall x \in A, P(x) \doteq \forall x, x \in A \Rightarrow P(x) \quad ,$$

$$\exists x \in A, P(x) \doteq \exists x, x \in A \wedge P(x) \quad .$$

Note that these RHS are "well-formed formulas". See also the exercise

[016].