Remark 3.19. [008](Solved on 2022-10-11) Note that " $\forall x \in A, \varphi$ " is true if A is the empty set; this is consistent with what was discussed in the exercise [016]. This has though a striking consequence: the implication

$(\forall x \in A, \varphi) \mathrel{\Rightarrow} (\exists x \in A, \varphi)$

is always valid when A is a non-empty set, but is instead false when A =

