Exercises

E6.26 [OBF] Let $I_n \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ (for $n \in \mathbb{N}$) be closed and bounded non-empty intervals, such that $I_{n+1} \subseteq I_n$: show that $\bigcap_{n=0}^{\infty} I_n$ is not empty.

This result is known as **Cantor's intersection theorem** [27]. It is valid in more general contexts, see [ovp] and [0J6].

If we replace \mathbb{R} with \mathbb{Q} and assume that $I_n \subseteq \mathbb{Q}$, is the result still valid?