

**Proposizione 6.36.** Sia  $I$  un insieme,  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  punto di accumulazione per  $I$ ,  $f : I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  funzione,  $l \in \mathbb{R}$ .

[OBH]

Mettendo insieme tutte le definizioni viste precedentemente, otteniamo queste definizioni di limite.

Nel caso  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  e  $l \in \mathbb{R}$ :

$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = l$	$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x \neq x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow  f(x) - l  < \varepsilon$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^+} f(x) = l$	$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x > x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow  f(x) - l  < \varepsilon$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^-} f(x) = l$	$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x < x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow  f(x) - l  < \varepsilon$

Sia  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $l = \pm\infty$ .

$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = \infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x \neq x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) > z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = -\infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x \neq x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) < z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^+} f(x) = \infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x > x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) > z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^+} f(x) = -\infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x > x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) < z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^-} f(x) = \infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x < x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) > z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^-} f(x) = -\infty$	$\forall z, \exists \delta > 0, \forall x,  x - x_0  < \delta, x < x_0, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) < z$

Sia  $l \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x_0 = \pm\infty$ .

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = l$	$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists y, \forall x, x > y, x \in I \Rightarrow  f(x) - l  < \varepsilon$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = l$	$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists y, \forall x, x < y, x \in I \Rightarrow  f(x) - l  < \varepsilon$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$	$\forall z, \exists y, \forall x, x > y, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) > z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \infty$	$\forall z, \exists y, \forall x, x < y, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) > z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\infty$	$\forall z, \exists y, \forall x, x > y, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) < z$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$	$\forall z, \exists y, \forall x, x < y, x \in I \Rightarrow f(x) < z$