Exercises

E9.4 [ONC] Let $\varepsilon_n > 0$ be an infinitesimal decreasing sequence. If $(x_n) \subset X$ is a Cauchy sequence, there exists a subsequence n_k such that

$$\forall k \in \mathbb{N}, \ \forall h \in \mathbb{N}, \ h > k \Rightarrow d(x_{n_k}, x_{n_h}) \le \varepsilon_k \ .$$

Solution 1. [OND]

This property is often used by choosing $\varepsilon_n = 2^{-n}$, or other sequence whose series converges.