## Exercises

E16.17 [1BM] We define the Gamma function  $\Gamma$  :  $(0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  as

$$\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty t^{x-1} e^{-t} \,\mathrm{d}t \;.$$

- Show that  $\Gamma(x)$  is well defined for x > 0 real.
- Show that  $\Gamma(x + 1) = x\Gamma(x)$  and deduce that  $\Gamma(n + 1) = n!$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .
- Show that  $\Gamma(x)$  is analytic.

(You can assume that derivatives of  $\Gamma$  are  $\Gamma^{(n)}(x) = \int_0^\infty (\log t)^n t^{x-1} e^{-t} dt$ ; those are obtained by derivation under integral sign.)