E16.43 [1FR] Prerequisites:[1BR].Note:From an idea in Apostol's book [?], Chapter

Exercises

integrating

 $\frac{1}{(1-x)} = 1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^{n-1} + \frac{x^n}{(1-x)}$ (16.44) and compare the "remainder"

7.3. Write Taylor's polynomial (around $x_0 = 0$) for $-\log(1 - x)$,

 $\int_{1}^{x} \frac{t^{n}}{(1-t)} dt$ (16.45)thus obtained with with the "integral remainder" of f(x) =

 $-\log(1-x)$ (as presented in Exercise [1BR]). Proceed similarly for arctan(x), integrating

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$$\arctan(x)$$
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$$1/(1+x^2) = 1-x^2+x^4+...+(-1)^n x^{2n}-(-1)^n x^{2n+2}/(1+x^2) .$$

(16.46)