**Definition 21.4.** [1NX] Let  $I,J \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  be intervals. Let  $\gamma: I \to \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $\delta: J \to \mathbb{R}^n$  be two regular curves. We will write  $\gamma \approx \delta$  if there is a diffeomorphism  ${}^{a} \varphi : I \to J$  monotonic increasing, such that  $\gamma = \delta \circ \varphi$ . <sup>a</sup>A diffeomorphism is a bijective function  $\varphi: I \to J$  of class  $C^1$ , the inverse of which is class  $C^1$ ; in particular arphi' is never zero, and (when domain and codomain are intervals) it always has the same sign.