23.12 [1RQ] Note: Exercise 4, written exam 9 July 2011. Show that the Cauchy problem $\begin{cases} y'(x) = y(x)(y(x) - x^2) \\ y(2) = 1 \end{cases}$

Exercises

admits a single solution y = y(x), defined on all of \mathbb{R} and such that

admits a single solution
$$y=y(x)$$
, defined on all of $\mathbb R$ and such the $\lim_{x\to\infty}y(x)=+\infty$, $\lim_{x\to\infty}y(x)=0$.