

**Definition 3.40.** [1Y2] Given  $I$  a non-empty family of indices and given  $C_i$  sets (one for each  $i \in I$ ), then the **union**

$$\bigcup_{i \in I} C_i$$

is a set, which contains all (and only) the elements of all sets  $C_i$ ; in formula<sup>a</sup>

$$\bigcup_{i \in I} C_i \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{x : \exists i \in I, x \in C_i\} .$$

If only two sets are given  $C_1, C_2$ , we usually write  $C_1 \cup C_2$  to indicate the union; and similarly when finite sets are given.

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<sup>a</sup>This is a more manageable version of the official axiom. The official definition is located in [026].