Definition 3.141. [1Y6] Given two sets A, B, a function $f : A \rightarrow B$ is a triple

(where A is said domain and B codomain) and F is a relation $F \subseteq A \times B$ such that

$$\forall x \in A \exists ! y \in B, xFy \quad ;$$

i.e. it enjoys the properties of being functional and total (defined in [23x]).

Being the element y unique, we can write y = f(x) to say that y is the only element in relation xFy with x.

The set *F* is also called graph of the function.