

Exercise 5.24. [205] Let F be a commutative ring, $a, b \in F$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$ then

$$(a + b)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^{n-k} b^k$$

where the factor

$$\binom{n}{k} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

is called the "binomial coefficient". (This result is known as the binomial theorem, Newton's formula, Newton's binomial). To prove it by induction, check that

$$\binom{n+1}{k+1} = \binom{n}{k+1} + \binom{n}{k}$$

for $0 \leq k, k+1 \leq n$.