

Exercises

3.211 [22F] Prerequisites: [21W], [071], [07V], [07X]. Difficulty: *. Note: exercise written exam on 29 January 2021. (Solved on 2022-10-13 in part)

Let be given (X, \leq_X) where X is an infinite set and \leq_X is a well ordering.

- If X has no maximum, then there exists (Y, \leq_Y) such that setting $Z = Y \times \mathbb{N}$ with \leq_Z the lexicographical order, then (X, \leq_X) and (Z, \leq_Z) have the same type of order.
- If instead X has maximum, then there exist (Y, \leq_Y) and $k \in \mathbb{N}$ such that, setting Z be the concatenation of $Y \times \mathbb{N}$ and $\{0, \dots, k\}$ (where $Y \times \mathbb{N}$ has the lexicographical order, as above), then (X, \leq_X) and (Z, \leq_Z) have the same type of order.
- Show that, in the previous cases, Y is well ordered.

Solution 1. [22G]