Exercises

3.194 [25] Having fixed $N \in \mathbb{N}$, consider the ordering $n \subseteq m$ for $n, m \in \mathbb{N}$ N. Since $N \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ is well ordered, then Proposition [26J] implies that (N, \subset) is well ordered; nonetheless prove directly by induction that $n \subset m$ is a well ordering in N.

Solution 1. [25X]